

Table of Contents

Introduction	xi
Chapter 1. Characteristics and State of the Art	1
Etienne DOMBRE, Michel DE MATHELIN and Jocelyne TROCCAZ	
1.1 Introduction	1
1.1.1. Characteristics of medical robotics	1
1.1.2. Potential advantages of using a robot in a medical procedure	5
1.2. State of the art	7
1.2.1. Surgery of the head and neck	8
1.2.2. Orthopedic surgery	13
1.2.3. Mini-invasive or laparoscopic surgery	17
1.2.4. Interventional radiology and percutaneous procedures	23
1.2.5. Remote ultrasound	29
1.2.6. Radiotherapy and radiology	33
1.2.7. Other applications	39
1.3. Conclusion	42
1.4. Bibliography	42
Chapter 2. Medical Robotics in the Service of the Patient	55
Alexandre MOREAU-GAUDRY, Philippe CINQUIN	
2.1. Introduction.	55
2.1.1. Medical robotics: a field in full development	55
2.1.2. How and why has there been such development?	56
2.1.3. Medical service: a complex notion.	57
2.2. A cycle of medical service growth	58
2.2.1. The actors	58
2.2.2. A model for the development of the medical service	61
2.2.3. Development diagram	63

2.3. A case study: the ViKY robotic endoscope support system	64
2.3.1. The context	64
2.3.2. ViKY and the progression of medical service	64
2.3.3. Relevance of the evaluation of the medical service	66
2.4. Conclusion	67
2.5. Bibliography	67
Chapter 3. Inter-operative Sensors and Registration	69
Jocelyne TROCCAZ	
3.1. Introduction.	69
3.1.1. Summary of the context and the problem.	69
3.1.2. Notions of registration, calibration and tracking.	70
3.2. Intra-operative sensors	72
3.2.1. Imaging sensors	72
3.2.2. Position sensors	74
3.2.3. Surface sensors	75
3.2.4. Other sensors	76
3.3. Principles of registration	76
3.3.1. Notations and definitions	76
3.3.2. Nature of the transformation	77
3.3.3. Matched information	78
3.3.4. Similarity metrics	79
3.3.5. 3D/3D rigid registration	84
3.3.6. Open questions	86
3.4. Case studies.	87
3.4.1. Case no. 1 (interventional radiology)	87
3.4.2. Case no. 2	88
3.4.3. Case no. 3 (Velocity)	90
3.4.4. Case no. 4	92
3.5. Discussion and conclusion	96
3.6. Bibliography	97
Chapter 4. Augmented Reality	101
Stéphane NICOLAU, Luc SOLER, Jacques MARESCAUX	
4.1. Introduction.	101
4.2. 3D modeling of abdominal structures and pathological structures	104
4.3. 3D visualization system for planning.	107
4.4. Interactive AR	108
4.4.1. Concept.	108
4.4.2. An example application	108
4.4.3. The limits of such a system	110
4.5. Automatic AR	110

4.5.1. Augmented reality with fixed camera(s)	111
4.5.2. AR with a mobile camera	120
4.6. Taking distortions into account	122
4.7. Case Study	124
4.7.1. Percutaneous punctures	124
4.7.2. Bronchoscopic Navigation	126
4.7.3. Neurosurgery	127
4.8. Conclusions.	129
4.9. Bibliography	130
Chapter 5. Design of Medical Robots	141
Etienne DOMBRE, Philippe POIGNET and François PIERROT	
5.1. Introduction.	141
5.2. From the characterization of gestures to the design of robots	145
5.2.1. Analysis of the gesture.	145
5.2.2. Kinematic and dynamic specifications	145
5.2.3. Kinematic choices	149
5.3. Design methodologies	157
5.3.1. Concept selection	158
5.3.2. Optimization of design parameters.	161
5.4. Technological choices	165
5.4.1. Actuators	165
5.4.2. Sensors	166
5.4.3. Material.	167
5.5. Security	167
5.5.1. Introduction	167
5.5.2. Security and dependability	168
5.5.3. Risks reduction in medical robotics	168
5.6. Conclusion	171
5.7. Bibliography	172
Chapter 6. Vision-based Control	177
Jacques GANGLOFF, Florent NAGEOTTE and Philippe POIGNET	
6.1. Introduction.	177
6.1.1. Configurations of the imaging device	178
6.1.2. Type of measurement	179
6.1.3. Type of control	181
6.2. Sensors	183
6.2.1. Imaging devices.	184
6.2.2. Localizers	193
6.3. Acquisition of the measurement.	193
6.3.1. Acquisition of geometric primitives	194

6.3.2. Tracking of anatomical targets	202
6.3.3. Review of methods for image processing.	214
6.4. Control	216
6.4.1. Modeling the visual servoing loop.	216
6.4.2. Online identification of the interaction matrix	221
6.4.3. Control laws	223
6.5. Perspectives	224
6.6. Bibliography	225
Chapter 7. Interaction Modeling and Force Control	233
Philippe POIGNET and Bernard BAYLE	
7.1. Modeling interactions during medico-surgical procedures	233
7.1.1. Introduction	233
7.1.2. Properties of tissues with small displacements.	234
7.1.3. Non-viscoelastic models.	237
7.1.4. Estimation of force models	238
7.1.5. Case study: needle-tissue interactions during a percutaneous intervention	239
7.2. Force control	243
7.3. Force control strategies	244
7.3.1. Implicit force control.	244
7.3.2. Explicit force control.	247
7.3.3. Stability.	250
7.3.4. Choice of a control architecture	251
7.3.5. Application examples	251
7.4. Conclusion	263
7.5. Bibliography	263
Chapter 8. Tele-manipulation.	269
Bernard BAYLE and Laurent BARBÉ	
8.1. Introduction.	269
8.1.1. The limitations of autonomy	269
8.1.2. Non-autonomous modes of intervention	270
8.1.3. Tele-manipulation in the medical field: interest and applications	270
8.2. Tele-manipulation and medical practices	271
8.2.1. Background	271
8.2.2. Action and perception modalities	273
8.2.3. Technology	275
8.3. Tele-manipulation with force feedback	278
8.3.1. Introduction	278
8.3.2. Modeling master-slave tele-manipulators (MST)	279

8.3.3. Transparency and stability	281
8.3.4. Bilateral tele-operation control schemes	284
8.3.5. Improvement of existing techniques for medical issues	292
8.3.6. Example: tele-operated needle insertion in interventional radiology	294
8.3.7. Prospects	298
8.4. Bibliography	298
Chapter 9. Comanipulation	303
Guillaume MOREL, Jérôme SZEWCZYK and Marie-Aude VITRANI	
9.1. Introduction.	303
9.1.1. Tele-manipulate, but without the distance	303
9.1.2. Definitions	305
9.1.3. Features and applications in medical and surgical robotics	307
9.1.4. A word about terminology	308
9.1.5. Contents	308
9.2. General principles of comanipulation	309
9.2.1. Serial comanipulation	309
9.2.2. Parallel comanipulation	313
9.3. Serial comanipulation: intelligent active instrumentation.	316
9.3.1. Dexterous instruments for minimally-invasive surgery.	316
9.3.2. Tremor filtering in microsurgery.	322
9.3.3. Compensation of physiological movements	326
9.4. Parallel comanipulation.	331
9.4.1. Comanipulation in transparent mode	331
9.4.2. Passive, active, static and dynamic guides	334
9.4.3. Increase the quality of the tactile perception	340
9.5. A human in the loop.	343
9.6. Bibliography	346
Chapter 10. Towards Intracorporeal Robotics	351
Etienne DOMBRE, Nicolas CHAILLET and Michel DE MATHELIN	
10.1. Introduction	351
10.2. Mini-manipulators/tele-operated instrument holders.	352
10.2.1. Objectives	352
10.2.2. General description	353
10.2.3. Challenges	356
10.3. Robotized colonoscopes and autonomous capsules	357
10.3.1. Objectives	357
10.3.2. General description	358
10.3.3. Challenges	360
10.4. Active catheters	362

10.4.1. Objectives	362
10.4.2. General description	363
10.4.3. Challenges	363
10.5. Evolution of surgical robotics	366
10.5.1. Towards more autonomous robots	366
10.5.2. Towards a much less invasive surgery.	369
10.5.3. Towards the bio-nanorobotics.	371
10.6. Additional information	386
10.6.1. Preamble	386
10.6.2. The shape memory alloys (SMA)	387
10.6.3. Electroactive polymers.	387
10.7. Bibliography	388
Conclusion	397
Notations	399
Medical Glossary	401
List of Authors	407
Index	409